

09990592 "112301
10621 2650660

Axis Name	Considered Nodes
ancestor	Any node along the path to the root
ancestor-or-self	Same, but including the current node
attribute	Consider only attribute nodes in the tree
child	Any node directly connected to the current node
descendant	Any node from the subtree rooted at the current node
descendant-or-self	Same, but including the current node
following	Any node with id greater than the current node
following-sibling	Any same-level node with id greater than the current node
parent	The direct predecessor of the current node
preceding	Any node with id lower than the current node
preceding-sibling	Any same-level node with id lower than the current node
self	The current node

Table 1

n	a_i	b_{QHL}	s_{QHL}	t_f
n	ancestor	n	ancestors	oc=XML- Element
n	ancestor- or-self	n	{ancestor s, base}	oc=XML- Element
n	attribute	n	onelevel	oc=XML- Attribute
n	child	n	onelevel	oc=XML- Element
n	descen- dant	n	subtree	oc=XML- Element
n	descen- dant-or- self	n	{subtree, base}	oc=XML- Element
n	following	root(n)	subtree	(&(oc=XML Element) (order> order(n)))
n	following -sibling	parent(n)	onelevel	(&(oc=XML Element) (order> order(n)))
n	parent	n	parent	oc=XMLEle ment
n	preceding	root(n)	subtree	(&(oc=XML Element) (order< order(n)))
n	preceding -sibling	parent(n)	onelevel	(&(oc=XML Element) (order< order(n)))
n	self	n	base	oc=XMLEle ment

Table 2

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File Name	Size	Apache Cache	Overhead	HLCache	Overhead
mondial- 2.0.XML	1037629	1038094	1.00	3372502	3.25
europa- 2.0.XML	317913	318384	1.00	1017080	3.20
dream. XML	149524	149982	1.00	303613	2.03
SigmoidRe -cord. XML	494591	495056	1.00	1401088	2.83
books1. wml	3129	3586	1.15	8039	2.57
Average	-	-	1.03	-	2.78

Table 3

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File	Nodes/Op	Stor. (s)	Ops/sec.	Retr. (s)	Ops/sec.
Name	s				
mondial-	39633/57	13.34	2970.99/	85.86	461.60/6
2.0.XML	116		4281.56		65.22
europe-	12783/18	3.88	3294.59/	26.84	476.26/6
2.0.XML	186		4687.11		77.57
dream.XM	3361/623	1.19	2824.37/	10.22	328.86/6
L	1		5236.13		09.69
SigmodRe	15263/38	8.43	1810.55/	56.33	270.95/6
cord.XML	518		4569.16		83.79
books1.w	96/138	0.0098	9795.92/	0.18	533.33/7
ml			14081.63		66.66
Average	-	-	2725.12/	-	384.27/6
			4693.50		59.07

Table 4

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Query	Nr. Result	DOM back-end	HLCaches
Patterns	Nodes		
/mondial/ country	260	0.69	0.05
/mondial// city	3047	217.67	11.23
/mondial/ country[@car _code='D']	1	6.36	2.31
/mondial// city[@is_cap ='yes']	230	276.56	17.05

Table 5

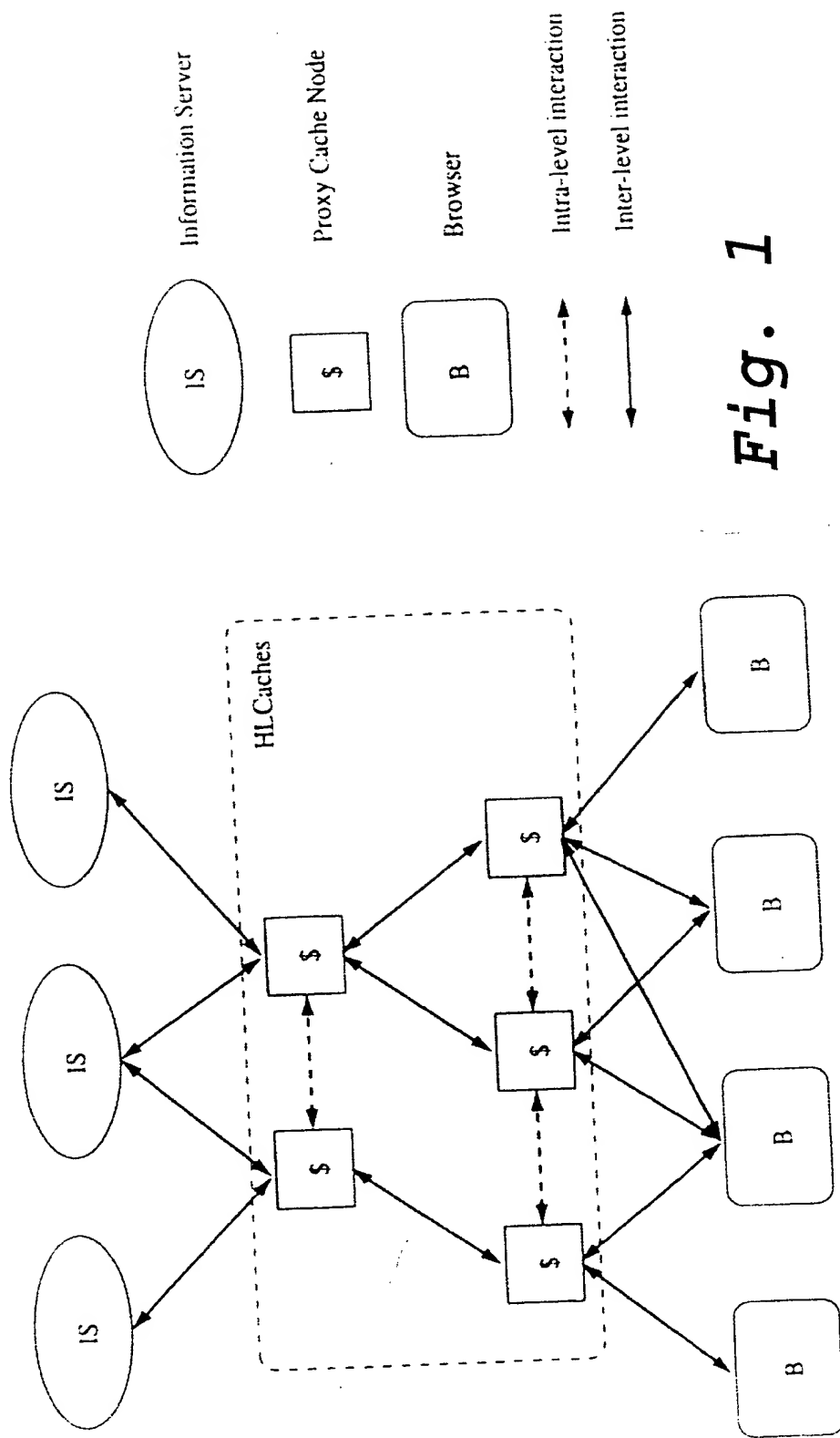
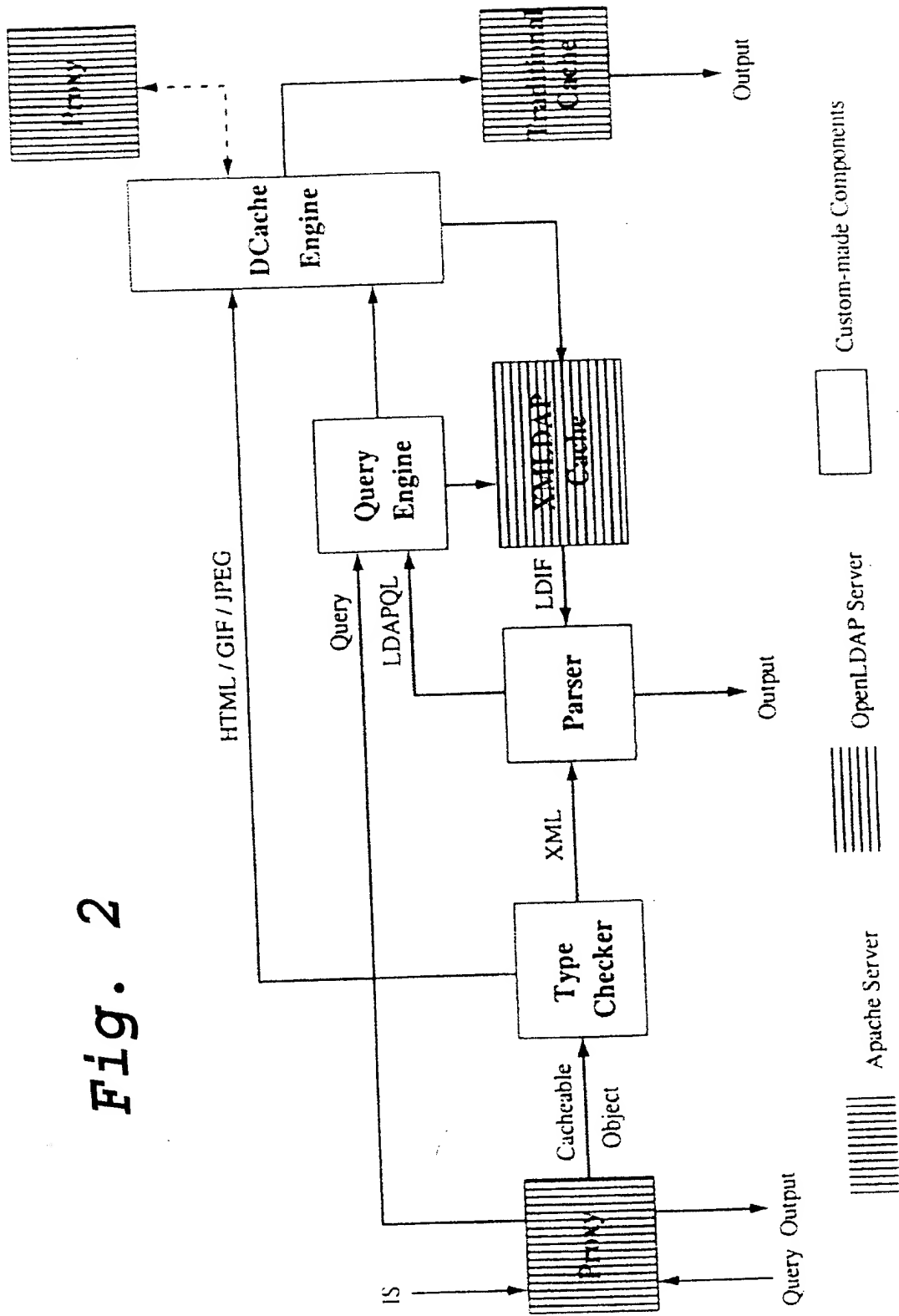


Fig. 1

Fig. 2



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```
XMLNode OBJECT-CLASS ::= {
    SUBCLASS OF {top}
    MUST CONTAIN {oc,oid,name}           // required attributes
    TYPE oc OBJECT-CLASS
    TYPE oid DN                          // dns formed by oids
    TYPE name STRING
}

XMLElement OBJECT-CLASS ::= {
    SUBCLASS OF {XMLNode}
    MUST CONTAIN {order}                 // required attributes
    MAY CONTAIN {value}                  // allowed attributes
    TYPE order INTEGER
    TYPE value STRING
}

XMLAttribute OBJECT-CLASS ::= {
    SUBCLASS OF {XMLNode}
    MUST CONTAIN {value}                 // required attributes
    TYPE value DN, STRING
}
```

Fig. 3

Algorithm XML2LDAP (D)

Let D be an XML document to processed from left to right
/* Initialize the current node to the top of the LDAP cache
tree */
CurrentNode = "(cn=Cache,dc=top)"

while there is input i from D
/* If an opening tag is found in the inventive input i */
if i is
 <tagName attrName₀=attrValue₀...attrName_n=attrValue_n>
 NewNode = XMLElement(tagName)
 link(CurrentNode, NewNode)
 CurrentNode = NewNode
 /* Create the attributes and link them to the
new node */
 for each attrName, attrValue pairs
 NewAttribute = XMLAttribute(attrName,
attrValue)
 link(NewNode, NewAttribute)

 /* If a closing tag is found in the inventive
input i */
 if i is </tagName>
 CurrentNode = Parent(CurrentNode)

 /* else, i is the content of the node */
 else
 CurrentNode.value = i

Fig. 4

TOP SECRET 25506650

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```
<country car_code="D", area="356910",  
        capital="Berlin">  
    <name>Germany</name>  
    <population>83536115</population>  
    <languages percentage="100">  
        German</languages>  
    <province id="B-W", capital="cid-9",  
        country="D">  
        ...  
    </province>  
</country>
```

Fig. 5

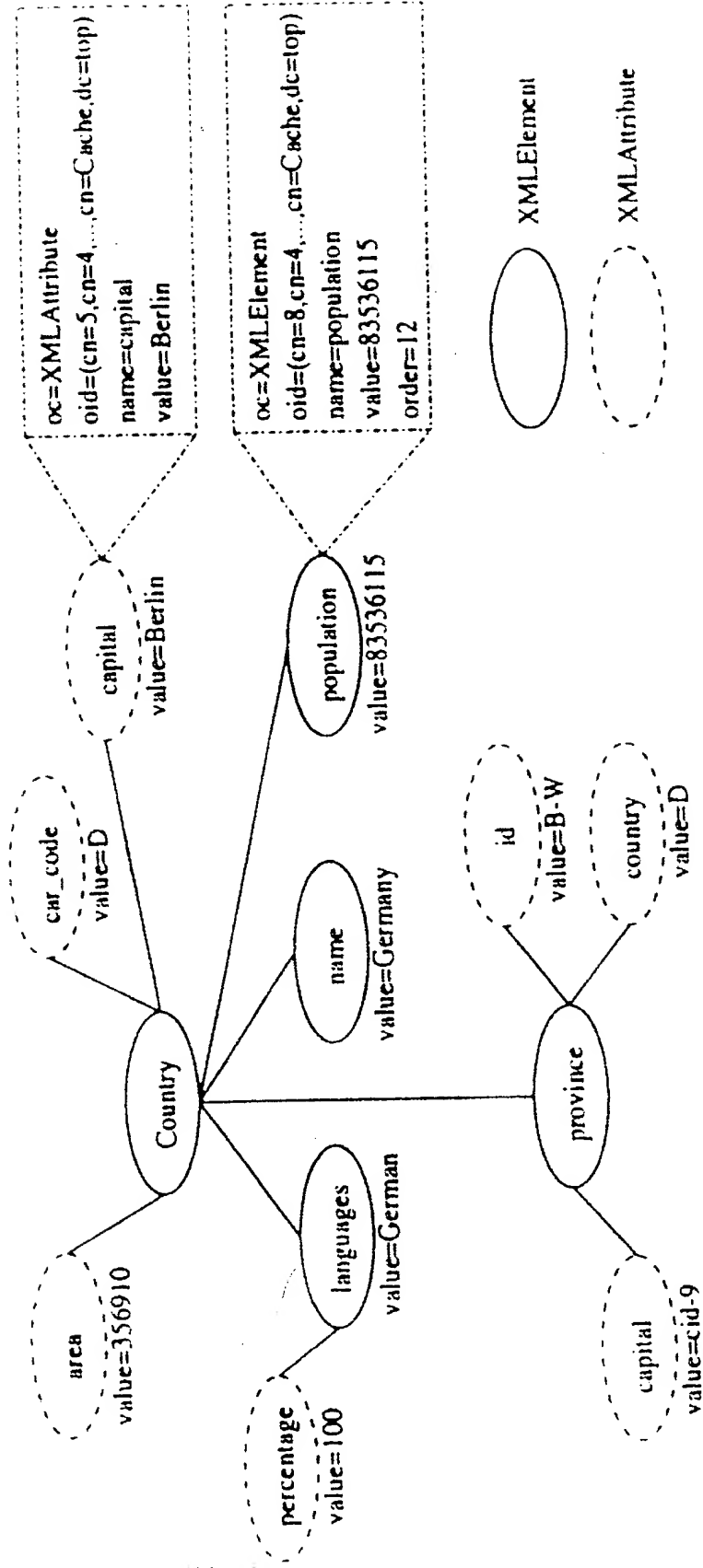


Fig. 6

00000592.12304
T0F2T 2650660

```
<country car_code="D" area="356910" capital="Berlin">
  <name>Germany</name>
  <population>83536115</population>
  <languages percentage="100">German</languages>
  <province id="B-W" capital="cid-9" country="D">
    <name>Baden Wurttemberg</name>
    <area>35742</area>
    <population>10272069</population>
    <city id="cid-9" is_state_cap="yes" country="D"
      province="B-W">
      <name>Stuttgart</name>
      <longitude>9.1</longitude>
      <latitude>48.7</latitude>
      <population year="95">588482</population>
    </city>
  </province>
</country>
```

Fig. 7

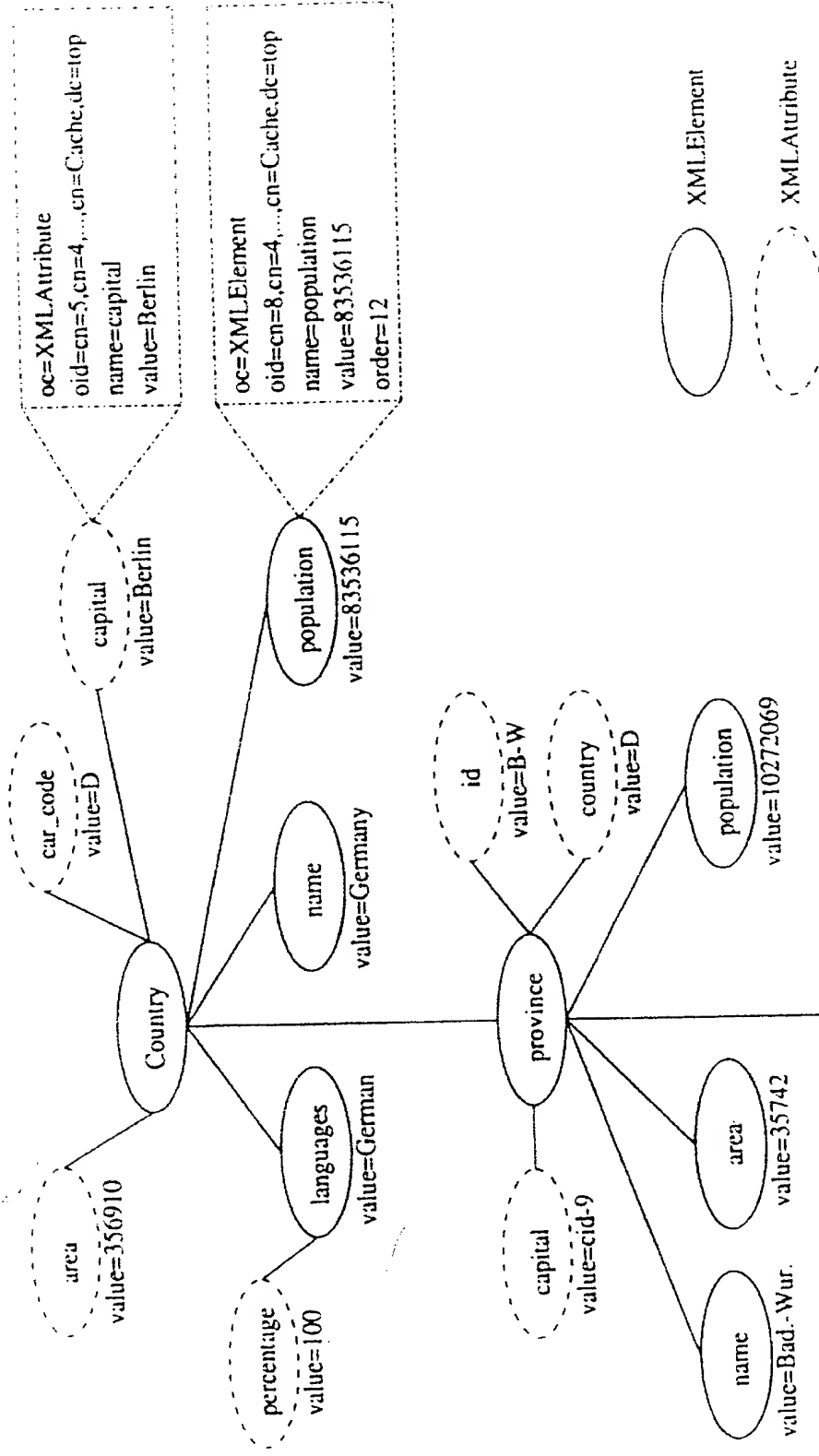


Fig. 8 (part one)

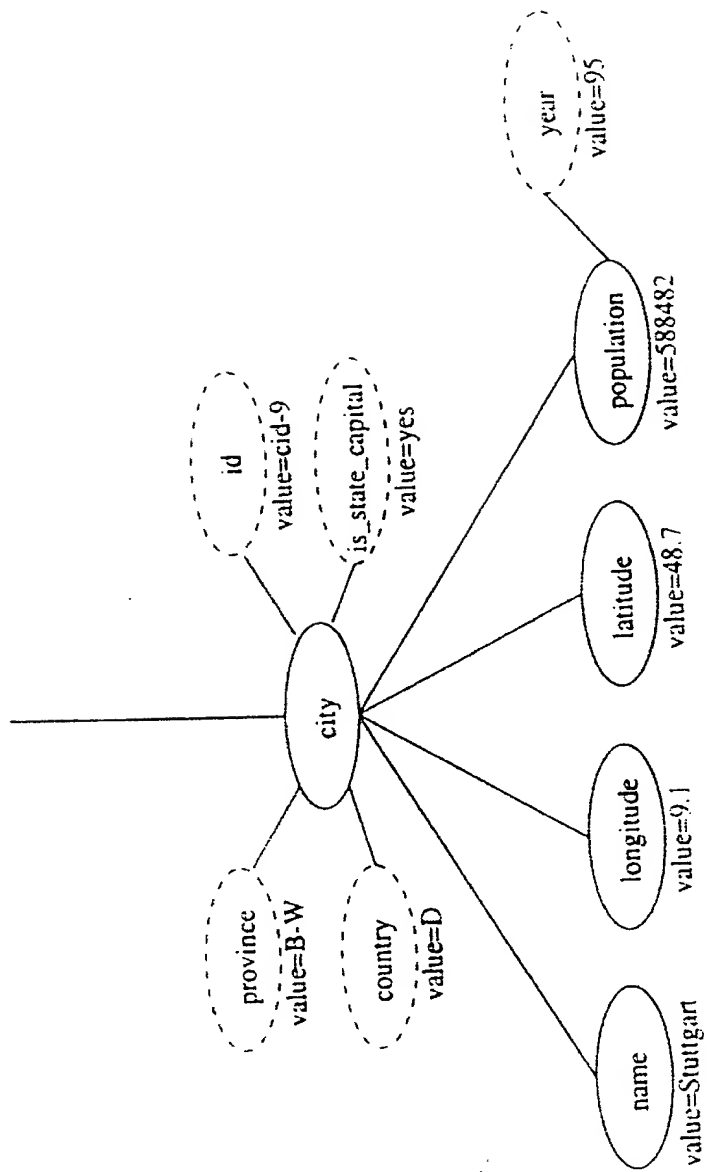


Fig. 8 (part two)

XMLQuery OBJECT-CLASS ::=

SUBCLASS OF top

MUST CONTAIN oc, hash, context, scope, xpathquery, result,
create_time, access_time, popularity

TYPE oc OBJECT-CLASS

TYPE hash STRING

TYPE context DN

TYPE scope STRING

TYPE xpathquery STRING

TYPE result DN

TYPE create_time STRING

TYPE access_time STRING

TYPE popularity INTEGER

Fig. 9

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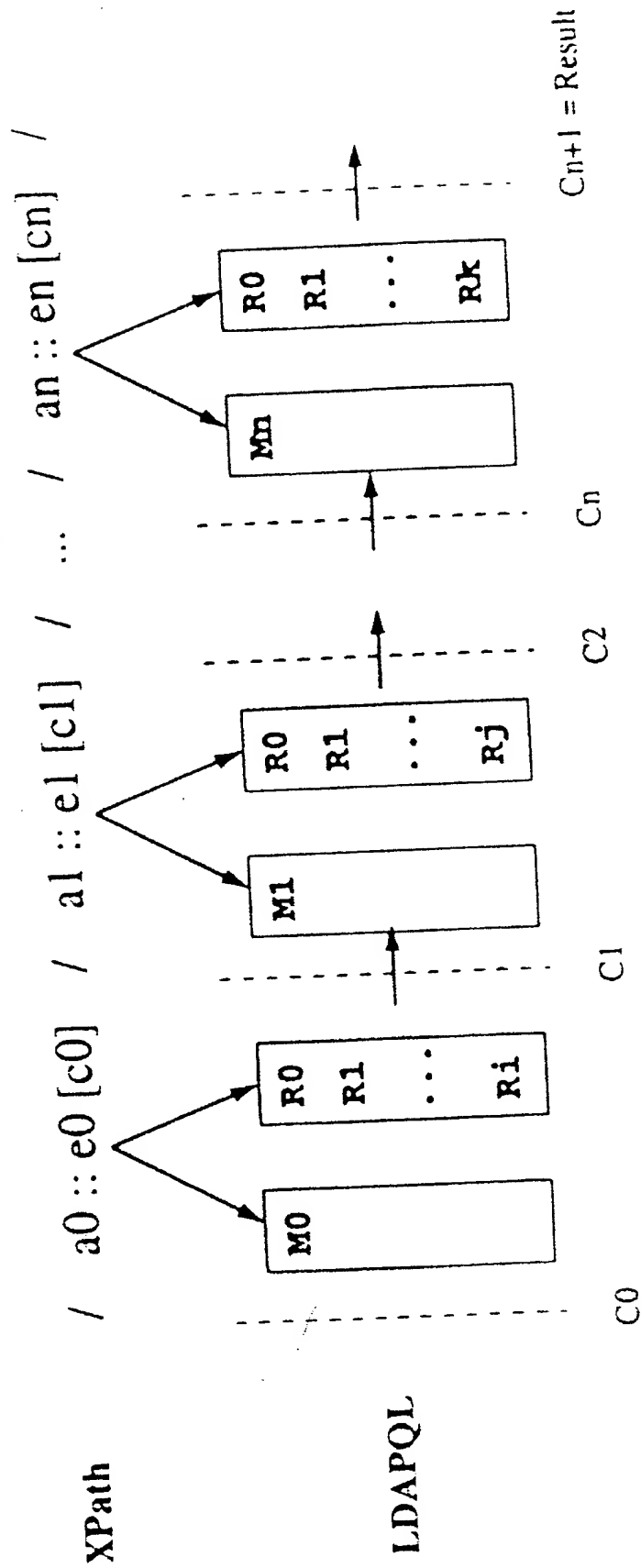


Fig. 10

REPORT

REPORT

REPORT

Algorithm EVAL (Q, S)

```

/* Q is an LDAPQL query (called main query) */
/* S = {Si} is a set of LDAPQL queries (subordinate)
*/
Result = LDAP( Q )
for each subquery Si ∈ S
    Result = Result ∩ LDAP( Si )
Return Result

```

Algorithm PET(n , w_i)

```

/* n is a distinguished name and wi = ai::ei[ci] */
Let QHL be an LDAPQL query (called main query)
Let S = {Sj} be a set of LDAPQL queries (subordinate)

/* Translate ai into QHL = (bQHL, sQHL, fQHL, pQHL) */
(bQHL, sQHL, fQHL) = BaseScope( n , ai )
for each nodeName ∈ ei
    fQHL = fQHL ∩ (name = nodeName)
    pQHL = {}

/* Translate each predicate cpj into Sj =
(bsj, ssj, fsj, psj) */
Let S = {}
for each cpj ∈ ci
    Let cpj be of the form termj opj valuej
    (bsj, ssj, fsj) = BaseScope(LDAP( QHL ), termj )
    for each (nodeName, nodeValue) ∈ ci
        fsj = fsj ∩ (&(name = nodeName)(value =
nodeValue))
        psj = {}
    S = S ∪ Sj

Return ( QHL , S )

```

Fig. 12

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